

# CANADA WESTERN RED SPRING WHEAT

As grain yields increase, protein content generally decreases. Some of the newer varieties have both higher protein and grain yield. To control true *loose smut* of wheat only a systemic fungicide will work as the pathogen is found inside the seed. To control the other types of smut (*covered*, *false loose* and *bunt*) a non-systemic fungicide seed treatment will work as the disease pathogen is on the outside of the seed.

CWRS Wheat									Yield	as % d	of Kater	owa	
		D	awson Cr	eek			F	ort St. Jo	ohn		B.C	C. Peace	
	2	012 `	Yield	2007	- 2012	20	)12 Y	ʻield	2007	- 2012	2012	2007-2	2012
Variety	bus /	1	% of	Avg.	Station	bus /		% of	Avg.	Station	Avg.	Avg.	Station
	acre		Check	(%)	Years	acre		Check	(%)	Years	(%)	(%)	Years
5603HR	43	ab	93	103	[5]	51	de	104	101	[5]	98	102	[10]
5604HR CL	43	ab	93	96	[4]	56	b-e	113	101	[4]	103	98	[8]
AAC Bailey	48	ab	105	108	[2]	58	а-е	118	115	[2]	111	112	[4]
AAC Redwater *	44	ab	96	96	[1]	57	а-е	115	115	[1]	105	105	[2]
AC Barrie	44	ab	95	94	[6]	53	de	106	104	[6]	101	99	[12]
AC Splendor	49	ab	107	94	[6]	61	a-d	123	95	[6]	115	95	[12]
BW931 *∆	51	ab	112	112	[1]	67	а	135	135	[1]	124	124	[2]
BW932 *∆	48	ab	105	105	[1]	66	ab	133	133	[1]	119	119	[2]
Carberry	53	ab	115	112	[4]	59	а-е	120	116	[4]	118	114	[8]
Cardale*	47	ab	103	103	[1]	55	cde	111	111	[1]	107	107	[2]
CDC Abound	50	ab	108	112	[6]	67	а	135	115	[6]	122	114	[12]
CDC Alsask	52	ab	114	105	[6]	56	b-e	114	108	[6]	114	106	[12]
CDC Go	44	ab	95	104	[6]	60	a-d	121	111	[6]	108	107	[12]
CDC Kernen	48	ab	105	102	[4]	59	а-е	119	114	[4]	112	108	[8]
CDC Osler	47	ab	103	100	[6]	58	а-е	117	107	[6]	110	104	[12]
CDC Plentiful *	48	ab	105	105	[1]	56	b-e	114	114	[1]	109	109	[2]
CDC Stanley	41	ab	89	101	[4]	56	b-e	113	107	[4]	101	104	[8]
CDC Thrive	39	ab	85	96	[4]	54	de	109	113	[4]	97	104	[8]
CDC Utmost	47	ab	102	103	[4]	54	de	110	111	[4]	106	107	[8]
CDC VR Morris *	44	ab	95	95	[1]	52	de	106	106	[1]	100	100	[2]
Glenn	54	а	117	106	[4]	56	b-e	113	106	[4]	115	106	[8]
Goodeve	45	ab	99	101	[6]	55	cde	111	107	[6]	105	104	[12]
Harvest	37	b	80	94	[6]	52	de	105	103	[6]	92	98	[12]
Infinity	46	ab	100	105	[6]	58	а-е	116	113	[6]	108	109	[12]
Katepwa	46	ab	100	100	[6]	49	е	100	100	[6]	100	100	[12]
Muchmore	47	ab	102	106	[4]	65	abc	131	119	[4]	116	112	[8]
Shaw	46	ab	101	102	[4]	57	а-е	115	112	[4]	108	107	[8]
Snowstar **	38	ab	83	96	[6]	55	cde	111	108	[6]	97	102	[12]
Stettler	43	ab	94	114	[5]	60	а-е	121	118	[5]	108	116	[10]
Superb	53	ab	115	113	[6]	67	а	135	123	[6]	125	118	[12]
SY 433	45	ab	98	105	[2]	58	а-е	118	108	[2]	108	106	[4]
Unity	45	ab	98	106	[5]	57	а-е	115	112	[5]	107	109	[10]
Vesper	50	ab	109	103	[3]	56	b-e	114	105	[3]	111	104	[6]
Whitehawk * **	40	ab	88	88	[1]	54	de	109	109	[1]	98	98	[2]
WR859 CL	42	ab	91	104	[5]	_57	а-е	115	105	[5]	103	104	[10]
LSD (P=.05) =	9.39					5.59							
CV value (%) =	12.55					6.96							

<sup>\*</sup> first year tested, very limited data available

Katepwa - check variety

WR859 CL, CDC Abound and 5604HR CL are Clearfield® tolerant varieties CDC Utmost, Goodeve, Shaw, Unity and Vesper are Wheat Midge Resistant varietal blends

<sup>\*\*</sup> CWHWS Canadian Western Hard White Spring Wheat  $\Delta$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

CWRS Whea	at									'	Var	iety	Descriptions
	B.	C. Pea	ice Aver	ages			Α	lberta	Agdex	100/3	2		
		200	7 - 2012					Res	istance	e to:			
	Days to Maturity	Height	Bushel Weight	Prote		Lodging	Sprouting	Loose Smut	Common Bunt	Stripe Rust	eaf Spot	FHB	
Variety	+/- check	cm	lbs/bu	+/- C	heck	2	S	S P	റ്റ് പ്	와 징	Le	亡	Distributor
■ 5603HR ■ 5604HR CL	0.7 -7.4	77 79	63 64	1 0	[10] [8]	G G	VG G	G VG	G VG	P VP	G P	F F	Viterra Viterra
■ AAC Bailey	-3.6	92	64	0	[4]	G	G	Р	F	G	F	F	Canterra Seeds
AAC Redwater *	-4.0	77	64	1	[2]								SeCan
■ AC Barrie	-2.3	80	64	1	[12]	G	G	G	F	VP	Р	F	SeCan
■ AC Splendor	-4.0	79	63	1	[12]	F	F	F	F	F	F	Р	SeCan
■ BW931 *∆	-1.9	71	64	1	[2]								Alliance Seed Corp.
■ <i>BW</i> 932 *∆	-2.3	67	64	1	[2]								SeCan
Carberry	-1.2	75	65	0	[8]	VG	F	G	G	G	Р	G	SeCan
Cardale *	-4.4	71	62	0	[2]								Seed Depot
CDC Abound	-2.3	76	65	0	[12]	G	F	F	F	Р	Р	VP	Viterra
CDC Alsask	-2.6	82	63	0	[12]	F	G	G	G	F	VP	P	Viterra
CDC Go	-3.5	75	64	0	[12]	G	VP	Р	G	G	VP	P	Public Variety
CDC Kernen	0.0	84	64	0	[8]	G	F	VG	F	F	P -	F	Canterra Seeds Seeds
CDC Osler	-3.3	78	63	0	[12]	G	F	G	G	F	F	VP	Public Variety
CDC Plentiful *	-1.7	75	64	1	[2]	_	_	_		_		_	FP Genetics
CDC Stanley	-2.7	79	63	0	[8]	G	G	G	VP	F	F	Р	Viterra
CDC Thrive	-3.8	81	64	0	[8]	G	Р	G	F	F	F	Р	SeCan
CDC Utmost	-0.9	79 70	64	0	[8]	G	G	Р	VP	F	F	Р	FP Genetics
CDC VR Morris *	-1.0	70	64	1	[2]					_			Viterra
Glenn	0.8	81	66	1	[8]	VG	F	F	F	G	F	F	Canterra Seeds
Goodeve Harvest	-2.5	80	63	0	[12]	VG	G	G	Р	F	Р	VP	Alliance Seeds Corp.
i idi vest	-3.3 -1.0	78 80	65 63	0	[12]	VG G	VG G	G G	F F	G P	P P	VP VP	FP Genetics Canterra Seeds
Infinity  Katepwa	0.0	84	63	0	[12] [12]	F	F	G	г G	P	Р	F	SeCan
Muchmore	-1.0	71	65	0	[8]	VG	G	G	G	G	Р	P	FP Genetics
Shaw	-2.6	84	65	0	[8]	G	G	P -	G	F	P -	P -	SeCan
Snowstar **	-4.0	74	65	0	[12]	XX	G	Р	Р	Р	F	Р	SeCan
Stettler	0.0	76 70	65	0	[10]	G	G	G	G	G	Р	Р	SeCan
Superb	-1.7	78	65	0	[12]	G	F	F	G	VP	VP	Р	SeCan
SY 433	-2.1	96	65	0	[4]	G	G	F	VP	XX	F	G	Syngenta
■ Unity	-1.7	77	64	0	[10]	G	G	Р	VG	Р	Р	Р	SeCan
Vesper	-3.7	88	65	1	[6]	VG	F	F	Р	VP	F	F	SeCan
Whitehawk * **	-3.0	77	64	-1	[2]	G	G	F	Р	VP	Р	F	SeCan
■ WR859 CL	-4.2	72	64	0	[10]	G	G	VG	VG	F	Р	G	Syngenta

<sup>\*</sup> first year tested, very limited data available

XX = insufficient data

 $\Delta\,$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

WR859 CL, CDC Abound AND 5604HR CL are Clearfield® tolerant varieties

Average protein for **Katepwa** is **13.3** %

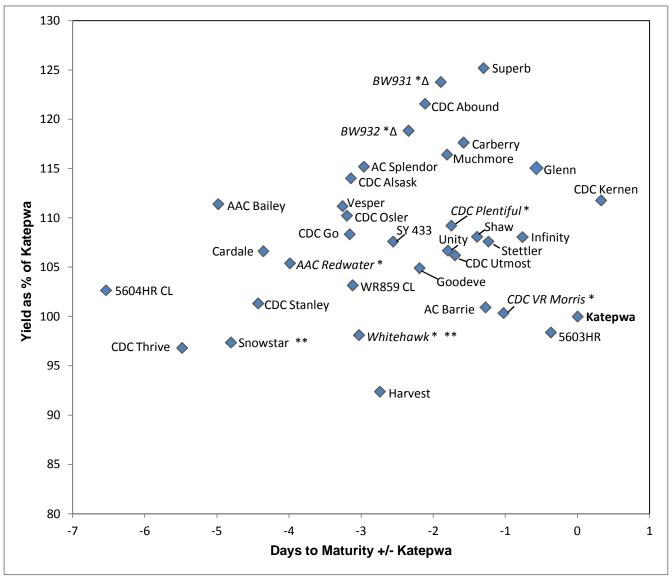
**Unity** is a Wheat Midge Resistant variety

Overall average maturity for Katepwa is 104 days

■ Protected by Plant Breeders' Rights

VG = very good, G = good, F = fair, P = Poor, VP = very poor

<sup>\*\*</sup> CWHWS = Canadian Western Hard White Spring Wheat



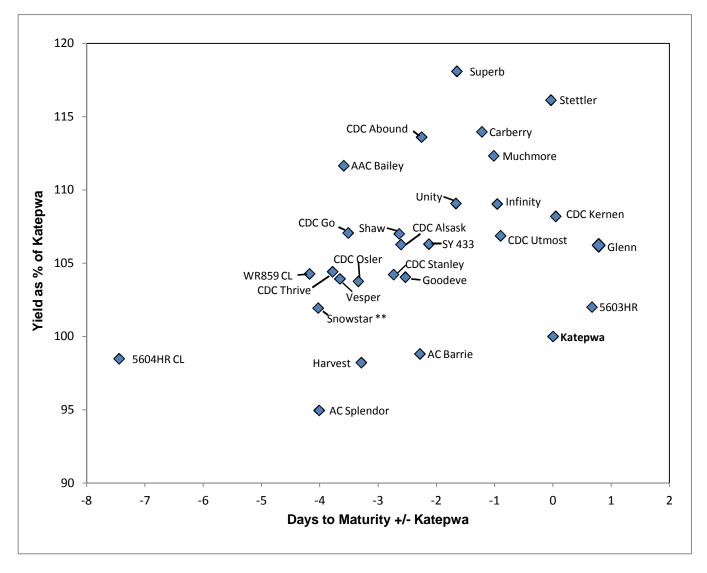
Average maturity for Katepwa is 98 days for 2012

\* first year tested, very limited data available \*\* CWHWS Canadian Western Hard White Spring Wheat

Katepwa - check variety

 $\Delta$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

WR859 CL, CDC Abound and 5604HR CL are Clearfield® tolerant varieties CDC Utmost, Goodeve, Shaw, Unity and Vesper are Wheat Midge Resistant varietal blends



Overall Average maturity for Katepwa is 104 days

\*\* CWHWS Canadian Western Hard White Spring Wheat

Katepwa - check variety

WR859 CL, CDC Abound and 5604HR CL are Clearfield® tolerant varieties CDC Utmost, Goodeve, Shaw, Unity and Vesper are Wheat Midge Resistant varietal blends

# CANADA PRAIRIE SPRING WHEAT

# CANADA WESTERN SOFT WHITE SPRING WHEAT

All current Canada General Purpose Spring varieties (CPS and CWSWS are in this class) should be treated with a systemic fungicide seed treatment to control smut. Avoid deep seeding General Purpose wheats. Note the long maturity periods required for the production of currently available CWSWS wheat varieties. Seeding rates for all classes of wheat covered by the new class "General Purpose" should be increased 20 to 25% due to the larger kernel size.

[For testing purposes, CPS and CWSWS wheats are grown together in the same trial and compared against a CWRS]

CPS / CWS	SWS W	heat								Yield	l as %	% of 570	0PR	
			D	awson (	Creek			F	ort St. Jo	ohn		B.C	C. Peac	е
		20	12 Y	'ield	2007 -	2012	2	2012 Y	ïeld	2007 -	2012	2012	2007-	-2012
Variety	Type	bus /		% of	Avg.	Stn.	bus /		% of	Avg.	Stn.	Avg.	Avg.	Stn.
		acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	(%)	(%)	Yrs.
5700PR	CPS-red				100	[6]	63	abc	100	100	[6]	100	100	[44]
						[5]					[6]			[11]
5702PR	CPS-red				99	[5]	66	ab	105	105	[6]	105	102	[11]
AC Andrew	CWSWS				107	[5]	68	а	109	111	[6]	109	109	[11]
AC Crystal ***	CPS-red				85	[4]	62	abc	99	92	[5]	99	89	[9]
CDC NRG003	CWGP				94	[2]	61	abc	98	95	[3]	98	95	[5]
Conquer	CPS-red				92	[2]	58	bc	93	89	[3]	93	91	[5]
Enchant *	CPS-red				0	[0]	57	С	91	91	[1]	91	91	[1]
HY1312 *∆	CPS-red				0	[0]	64	abc	102	102	[1]	102	102	[1]
Minnedosa	CPS-white				91	[2]	62	abc	100	93	[3]	100	92	[5]
NRG010	CPS-white				99	[3]	66	ab	106	99	[4]	106	99	[7]
Pasteur *	CWGP				0	[0]	67	а	108	108	[1]	108	108	[1]
Superb (CWRS)	CWRS				99	[4]	63	abc	101	100	[5]	101	99	[9]
SY 985	CPS-red				91	[2]	62	abc	98	92	[3]	98	91	[5]
LSD (P=.05) = CV value (%) =		0.00		_			5.18 5.75		_					

<sup>\*</sup> first year tested, very limited data avaliable **5700PR - check variety** 

**CPS / CWSWS Wheat** 

2012

5

Enchant and Conquer are Wheat Midge tolerant Varietal Blend

**Regional Variety Performance** 

Note: CPS trial data from Dawson Creek 2012 was not used due to unacceptable CV value from adverse environment.

#### 115 ◆AC Andrew 110 Pasteur 1 ♦ NRG010 105 100 ♦ 5702PR Superb (CWRS) ♦ HY1312 \*∆ Minnedosa ◆5700PR ♦ AC Crystal \*\*\* CDC NRG003 SY 985 Yield as % of 95 Conquer Enchant \* 90 85 80

 $\Delta$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

-1

0

-2

-3

Average maturity for 5700PR is 98 days for 2012

4

3

Maturity as Days +/- of 5700PR

2

<sup>△</sup> denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

\*\*\* denotes semi-dwarf stature

CPS / CWSW	S Whe	at									/	/ar	iety	/ Descriptions
		В.С	C. Pead	e Aver	ages			A	Alberta /	Agdex	100/32	2		
			200	7-2012						Resis	tance	to:		
Variety	Туре	Maturity in days +/- check	Height cm	Bushel Weight Ibs/bu	Ker Prote +/- ch	in %	Lodging	Sprouting	Loose Smut	Common Bunt	Stripe Rust	Leaf Spot	FHB	Distributor
5700PR	CPS-red	0.0	69	64	0	[11]	VG	F	Р	G	Р	Р	VP	Viterra
5702PR	CPS-red	0.1	73	63	0	[11]	G	Р	Р	F	Р	F	Р	Viterra
AC Andrew	CWSWS	1.9	72	64	-1	[11]	VG	Р	VP	Р	F	Р	VP	SeCan
AC Crystal ***	CPS-red	1.5	70	64	1	[9]	G	Р	F	VG	VP	F	VP	SeCan
CDC NRG003	CWGP	-2.5	80	64	0	[5]	G	F	G	VG	VP	Р	VP	Canterra Seeds
Conquer	CPS-red	1.0	85	64	2	[5]	G	Р	Р	G	VG	F	Р	Canterra Seeds
Enchant*	CPS-red	3.6	78	65	1	[1]								FP Genetics
HY1312* ∆	CPS-red	2.6	73	65	1	[1]								SeCan
Minnedosa	CPS-white	-3.4	83	64	1	[5]	G	G	F	G	G	Р	Р	SeCan
NRG010	CPS-white	1.5	78	64	0	[7]	G	Р	VG	VG	VG	F	VP	Canterra Seeds
Pasteur *	CWGP	4.3	71	66	0	[1]								SeCan
Superb	CWRS	-2.3	74	65	1	[9]	G	F	F	G	VP	VP	Р	SeCan
SY 985	CPS-red	-0.5	78	65	1	[5]	G	F	VG	G	G	F	F	Viterra

<sup>\*</sup> first year tested, very limited data available

5700PR - check variety

**Enchant** and **Conquer** are Wheat Midge tolerant Varietal Blends

Overall average maturity for 5700PR is 106 days.

Overall average protein for 5700PR is 11.7 %

VG = very good, G = good, F = fair, P = Poor, VP = very poor XX = insufficient data

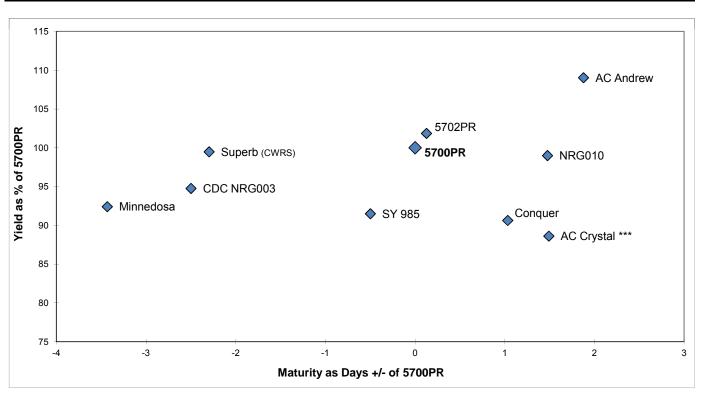
"blanked *Tolerance* data" = no data available yet (too new)

 $\Delta$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

\*\*\* denotes semi-dwarf stature

Numbers in square brackets [] is number of station years collected for protein

# CPS / CWSWS Wheat Regional Variety Performance 2007-2012



<sup>■</sup> Protected by Plant Breeders' Rights

### **DURUM WHEAT**

Durum is a type of wheat which is used to make pasta products (macaroni, spaghetti, etc.) and Canada has become a world leader in quality durum. Durum plant breeding within Canada is also moving toward even higher protein content and is developing a brand new category of high gluten strength durum for a specialty pasta market. However, durum requires a long growing season and high heat, two things the Peace River region is not known for having. In the past, durum production has been concentrated in the southern parts of the Canadian prairies.

However, a few producers in northwestern Alberta have had success growing the crop and for this reason it has been tested here in the B.C. Peace. Often surprises arise in our northern long-daylight region and so it was worth investigating durum in a limited fashion. Most varieties of durum wheat currently available are suggested by literature to have approximately 10 days later maturity than CWRS wheat, but this may not be proving to be the case locally but was in 2011 (a very wet & late year). Years 2009 (first year testing durum), 2010, and again 2012, were all years where drought shortened the growing season and as such allowed durum to mature easily in our region. More testing is thus needed with regards to identifying whether maturity is suitable to the Peace River Region. Durum should thus not be grown in large acreage within the B.C. Peace River region for grain production until more is understood about its agronomics and interest develops among the grain buyers to purchase the end product from the region - admittedly a vicious circle of acceptance and trial and error. Disclosure of this data is therefore not currently a recommendation to grow durum in the Peace Region.

It appears, however, that the B.C. Peace River region has one really big advantage in growing durum, as it would seem we can grow it free of fusarium, a major problem in most durum growing regions currently. For this reason data so far collected within the B.C. Peace region has been disclosed as it appears that durum could hold some economic promise to our region in years to come - assuming a buyer/market develops. The test years 2009 and 2010 unfortunately were years of severe drought and poor yield potentials, but compared to other wheat yields over the same period of time at the same testing locations, durum was respectable in yield by comparison and even seemed to survive the drought better than other wheat types. 2011 was a very wet & late year but did not change its promising outlook as a new viable crop-type for our region, noting however that if a normal killing frost would have occurred in 2011 it would have been bad news for anything later than a CWRS wheat no matter how many days later, a bit of a concern for any other late years still to come in the future. In 2012, durum finished up similar to the maturity needed to that of a later CPS, thus an acceptable length of time but more research is needed as mentioned above.

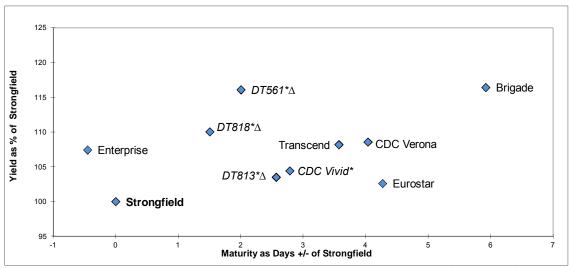
Durum Who	eat									Yield	l as %	of Stror	gfield	i
				Dawson C	reek			F	ort St. Jo	ohn		B.0	C. Peac	:e
Ì		20	)12`	Yield	2009 -	2012	- 2	2012 \	Yield	2009 -	2012	2012	2009 -	2012
Variety	Type	bus /		% of	Avg.	Stn.	bus /		% of	Avg.	Stn.	Avg.	Avg.	Stn.
		acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	(%)	(%)	Yrs.
Brigade	CWAD	48	а	136	110	[4]	57	ab	97	103	[4]	116	107	[8]
CDC Verona	CWAD	42	а	117	102	[4]	59	ab	100	106	[4]	109	104	[8]
CDC Vivid *	CWAD	38	а	107	107	[1]	60	ab	102	102	[1]	104	104	[2]
DT561*∆	CWAD	44	а	123	123	[1]	64	а	109	109	[1]	116	116	[2]
DT813*∆	CWAD	36	а	101	101	[1]	62	ab	106	106	[1]	103	103	[2]
DT818*∆	CWAD	43	а	122	122	[1]	58	ab	98	98	[1]	110	110	[2]
Enterprise	CWAD	43	а	121	108	[4]	55	b	93	102	[4]	107	105	[8]
Eurostar	CWAD	39	а	109	103	[4]	57	ab	96	104	[4]	103	103	[8]
Strongfield	CWAD	35	а	100	100	[4]	59	ab	100	100	[4]	100	100	[8]
Transcend	CWAD	41	а	117	102	[3]	59	ab	100	101	[3]	108	102	[6]
LSD (P=.05) =		9.75		_			5.14		_					
CV value (%) =		13.92					6.01							

<sup>\*</sup> first year tested, very limited data avaliable

Strongfield - check variety

2012

# Durum Wheat Regional Variety Performance



 $\Delta\,$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

Average maturity for Strongfield is 96 days for 2012

 $<sup>\</sup>Delta\,$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

Durum \	Wheat												٧	′arie	ety Descriptions
		B.0		ce Avera	ages				Α	lberta		100/32			
		Maturity	2009	9 - 2012 Bushel	Ker			<u></u>	ting		nor	tance t	Spot		
Variety	Туре	in days +/- check	Height cm	Weight lbs/bu	Prote +/- ch		Lodging	Shatter	Sprouting	Loose Smut	Common Bunt	Stripe Rust	Leaf S	FHB	Distributor
■ Brigade	CWAD	1.7	81	64	-1	[8]	G	XX	F	Р	G	G	F	Р	Viterra
<ul><li>CDC Verona</li><li>CDC Vivid *</li></ul>	CWAD CWAD	0.7 2.8	75 76	64 63	-1 0	[8] [2]	G	XX	F	Р	G	VG	Р	Р	Alliance Seed Corp. Viterra
■ DT561*∆ ■ DT813*∆	CWAD CWAD	2.0 2.6	75 72	64 65	0	[2] [2]									Syngenta Alliance Seed Corp.
■ DT818*∆	CWAD	1.5	76	63	1	[2]									AAFC Lacombe
■ Enterprise	CWAD	-0.9	77	64	-1	[8]	G	XX	F	P	G	VG	G	Р	Canterra Seeds
<ul><li>Eurostar</li><li>Strongfield</li></ul>	CWAD CWAD	2.0 0.0	82 73	65 64	0	[8] [8]	G F	XX VG	F F	P VP	VG G	VG G	F P	P VP	SeCan SeCan
■ Transcend	CWAD	1.6	84	64	0	[6]	F	XX	F	VP	VG	VG	F	Р	FP-Genetics

<sup>\*</sup> first year tested, very limited data available

Strongfield - check variety

■ Protected by Plant Breeders' Rights

VG = very good, G = good, F = fair, P = poor, VP = very poor XX = insufficient data

 $\Delta$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

Numbers in square brackets [] is number of station years collected for protein

Overall average maturity for **Strongfield** is **107** days. Overall average protein for **Strongfield** is **14.5** %

# **Durum Wheat Regional Variety Performance** 2009-2012 120 115 Yield as % of Strongfield 110 Brigade Enterprise 105 CDC Verona Eurostar Transcend 100 Strongfield 95 90 -2 -1 2 3 Maturity as Days +/- of Strongfield

# **Barley**

Six Row E	Barley								Yield	as %	of AC	Metcal	fe	
			D	awson C	Creek				Fort St. Jo	ohn		В.С	C. Peac	е
		2	012 Y	'ield	2007-	2012	2	012	Yield	2007-	2012	2012	2007-	2012
Variety	Type	bus /	1	% of	Avg.	Stn.	bus /		% of	Avg.	Stn.	Avg.	Avg.	Stn.
•	-	acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	(%)	(%)	Yrs.
AC Lacombe	Feed	89	а	111	105	[5]	91	а	106	103	[6]	109	104	[11]
AC Metcalfe	Malt	80	ab	100	100	[5]	85	а	100	100	[6]	100	100	[11]
CDC Anderson	Malt	73	b	91	101	[2]	85	а	100	106	[2]	95	104	[4]
CDC Mayfair	Malt	83	ab	104	103	[5]	86	а	100	96	[5]	102	99	[10]
Celebration	Malt	86	ab	107	104	[3]	91	а	107	100	[3]	107	102	[6]
Muskwa	Feed	91	а	113	114	[2]	92	а	108	111	[2]	111	113	[4]
Sundre ***	Feed	81	ab	101	102	[5]	96	а	113	111	[6]	107	107	[11]
Vivar **	Feed	92	а	115	107	[5]	96	а	113	105	[6]	114	106	[11]
LSD (P=.05) =		9.70					7.14							
CV value (%) =		7.82	2				5.40	)						

Two Row Ba	arley								Yield	as %	of AC	Metcal	fe	
			С	awson C	Creek			F	ort St. Jo	ohn		В.С	C. Peac	е
		20	012 Y	'ield	2007-	2012	2	012 Y	ield	2007-	2012	2012	2007-	2012
Variety	Type	bus /		% of	Avg.	Stn.	bus /		% of	Avg.	Stn.	Avg.	Avg.	Stn.
		acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	acre		check	(%)	Yrs.	(%)	(%)	Yrs.
AAC Synergy *	Malt	82	ab	101	101	[1]	86	d-g	104	104	[1]	103	103	[2]
AC Metcalfe	Malt	81	ab	100	100	[6]	83	efg	100	100	[6]	100	100	[12]
Bentley	Malt	79	ab	97	105	[5]	84	efg	101	101	[5]	99	103	[10]
CDC Austenson	Feed	81	ab	100	106	[5]	94	bcd	114	108	[5]	107	107	[10]
CDC Clear ¶	Malt	55	b	84	93	[2]	71	def	106	101	[2]	95	97	[4]
CDC Kindersley	Malt	77	ab	95	106	[3]	88	def	106	101	[3]	101	103	[6]
CDC Maverick ***	Feed	75	b	92	98	[2]	80	g	96	98	[2]	94	98	[4]
CDC Meredith	Malt	82	ab	100	109	[5]	91	cde	110	108	[5]	105	108	[10]
CDC PolarStar	Malt	78	ab	95	98	[2]	82	fg	99	95	[2]	97	97	[4]
Cerveza	Malt	84	ab	104	111	[4]	88	def	107	106	[4]	105	108	[8]
Champion	Feed	99	а	122	131	[6]	103	а	124	107	[6]	123	119	[12]
Gadsby	Feed	83	ab	102	111	[3]	97	abc	117	111	[3]	110	111	[6]
Major	Malt	74	b	91	100	[4]	90	c-f	108	101	[4]	99	101	[8]
Merit 57	malt	89	ab	110	115	[5]	91	cde	110	108	[5]	110	111	[10]
Newdale	Malt	80	ab	98	109	[6]	87	d-g	105	104	[6]	101	107	[12]
TR07728	Feed	86	ab	106	114	[4]	94	bcd	113	106	[4]	110	110	[8]
XENA	Feed	79	ab	97	114	[6]	100	ab	121	100	[6]	109	107	[12]
LSD (P=.05) = CV value (%) =		12.96 11.18					5.26 4.10							

AC Metcalfe - check variety for 2 row AC Metcalfe - check variety for 6 row

Means followed by the same letter do not significantly differ (P=.05, LSD)

\* first year tested, very limited data available

\*\* semi-dwarf type

\*\*\* smooth-awned type

 $\P$  denotes hulless seed types (bu/ac adjusted for hulless)  $\Delta$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

Feed Barle	У									V	⁄ari	ety	Descriptions
		B.0	C. Peac	e Avera	ges			Alberta	Agdex	(100/	32 in	fo	
			2007	7-2012				F	Resista	nce to	)		
		Days to		Bushel	Ker		ng	4)		Rot			
Variety	Туре	Maturity +/- check	Height cm	Weight lbs/bu	Prote +/- cl		Lodging	Loose Smut	False Smut	Root Rot	Scald	FHB	Distributor
			Eligible	for Gene	ral Pur	pose G	rades (	Only					
AC Lacombe	6 row	-0.7	75	50	-1	[11]	G	Р	G	Р	Р	VP	SeCan
CDC Austenson	2 row	4.2	69	55	-1	[10]	G	VP	VG	F	VP	F	SeCan
Champion	2 row	2.3	71	56	-1	[12]	G	VP	VG	XX	VP	F	Viterra
■ Gadsby	2 row	3.2	86	56	0	[6]	F	VG	VG	F	VG	F	SeCan
■ Muskwa	6 row	0.4	88	54	-1	[4]	G	Р	VG	Р	G	VP	SeedNet
■ Sundre ***	6 row	5.7	80	53	-1	[11]	G	Р	VG	Р	VG	VP	Mastin Seeds, AB
■ TR07728	2 row	1.9	75	56	0	[8]	G	Р	VG	G	VP	F	Viterra
■ XENA	2 row	1.1	71	55	0	[12]	G	Р	Р	G	VP	G	Viterra
				Semi-d	warf	varietie	es						
■ Vivar **	6 row	-0.6	70	51	-1	[11]	VG	F	VG	G	F	VP	SeCan
				Fora	ge va	rieties							
■ CDC Maverick ***	2 row	3.2	108	57	1	[4]	F	VP	VG	F	Р	G	SeCan

Malt Barle	<b>Э</b> У									١	/ari	ety	Descriptions
		В	.C. Pead	ce Averag	jes		/	Alberta	Agdex	100/	'32 inf	o	
			2007	7-2012				Res	sistance	e to			•
Variety	Туре	Days to Maturity +/- check	Height cm	Bushel Weight Ibs/bu	Ker Prote +/- cl	ein %	Lodging	Loose Smut	False Smut	Root Rot	Scald	FHB	Distributor
<ul><li>AAC Synergy *</li><li>AC Metcalfe</li><li>Bentley</li></ul>	2 row 2 row 2 row	-0.5 0.0 0.2	72 72 73	56 55 53	-1 0 0	[2] [23] [10]	F G	VG P	F G	F G	VP VP	F P	Syngenta SeCan Canterra Seeds
<ul><li>CDC Anderson</li><li>CDC Kindersley</li><li>CDC Mayfair</li><li>CDC Meredith</li></ul>	6 row 2 row 6 row 2 row	-1.6 -3.3 -5.6 3.2	94 80 71 69	53 56 51 54	0 0 0 -1	[4] [6] [10] [10]	G G F	G VP VP VG	VG VG G G	F F G	P VP VP VP	F F P F	SeCan SeCan Canterra Seeds SeCan
<ul><li>CDC PolarStar</li><li>Celebration</li><li>Cerveza</li><li>Major</li></ul>	2 row 6 row 2 row 2 row	-2.4 -5.9 1.0 -0.1	96 86 75 73	55 53 54 54	0 1 0 0	[4] [6] [8] [8]	G VG F G	VP VG VG VG	VG VG VG G	P P F	VP VP VP P	G P F	Canterra Seeds Canterra Seeds Mastin Seeds, AB Viterra
<ul><li>Merit 57</li><li>Newdale</li></ul>	2 row 2 row	3.6 -0.1	72 70	54 54 Hulle	-1 0	[10] [12] rieties	F F	P VP	VP G	F G	P P	G F	Canterra Seeds FP Genetics
■ CDC Clear ¶	2 row	-0.6	98	64	0	[4]	F	VG	VG	F	VP	G	U of S

<sup>\*</sup> first year tested, very limited data available

¶ denotes hulless seed types

■ Protected by Plant Breeders' Rights

 $\Delta$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

VG= very good, G = good, F = fair, P = poor, VP = very poor

XX = insufficient data

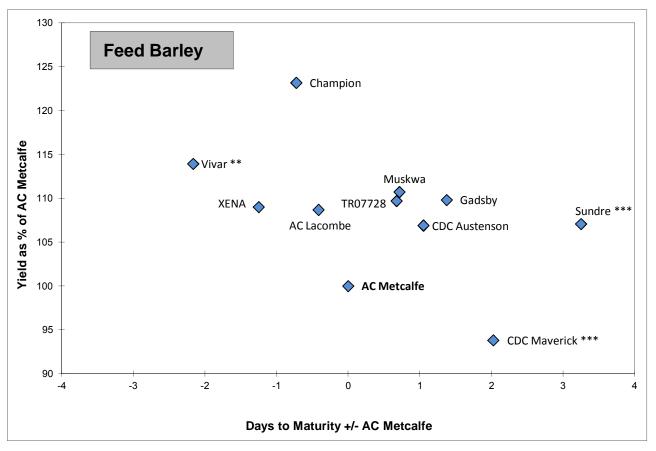
Overall average maturity for AC Metcalfe is 92 days

Overall average protein for AC Metcalfe is 13.6%

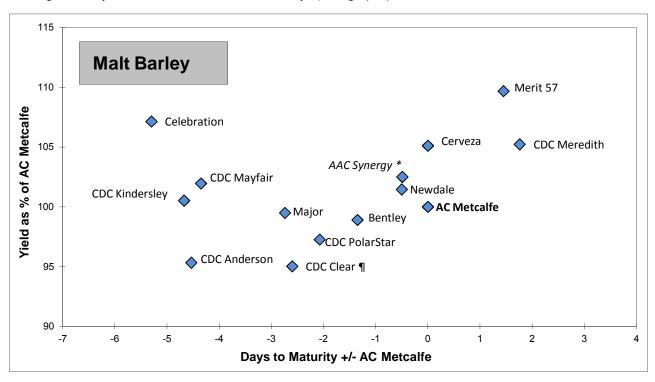
Numbers in square brackets [] is number of station years collected for protein

AC Metcalfe - check variety

\*\* semi-dwarf type \*\*\* smooth-awned type



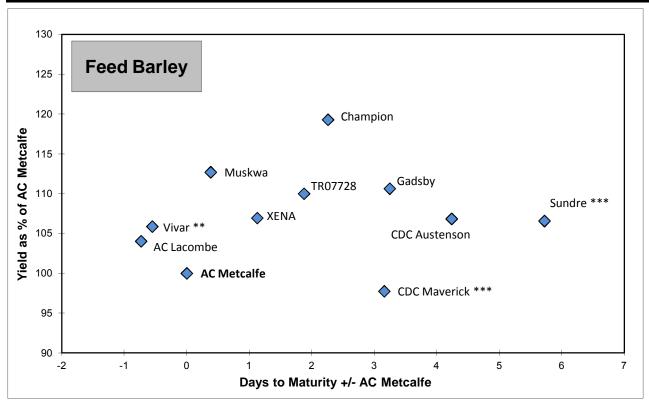
Average maturity for AC Metacalfe in 2012 is 87 days (both graphs)



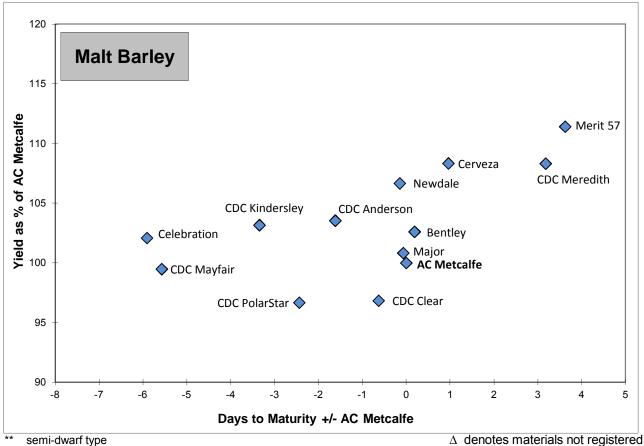
- \* first year tested materials
- \*\* semi-dwarf type
- \*\*\* smooth-awned type

 $\Delta \ \ \text{denotes materials not registered} \\ \P \ \ \text{denotes hulless seed types (bu/ac adjusted for hulless)}$ 





Overall average maturity for AC Metacalfe is 92 days (both graphs)



smooth-awned type

### OAT

Oat is usually a feed crop but some varieties are also suitable for higher value feed and food markets. The milling industry prefers higher protein varieties with plump kernels and lower hull content, while the horse industry prefers white hulled varieties. Hulless oat varieties have excellent feed and food value but need to be stored drier than normal varieties (<12% moisture) and do not flow as well in the bin due to their pubescence (hairs), which seem to "lock together". The exception to this rule is the new "hairless hulless" types such as the variety *Gehl*, included for the first time in our tests back in 2011, which is a "*low pubescence* hulless" oat aimed at a replacement for rice actually, hence the marketing slogan "prairie rice" for it. *Gehl* was re-tested in 2012 but developed emergence issues thus yield data is not displayed below for the year 2012. Investigations continue as to why the hairless hulless variety *Gehl* had such emergence issues after giving such a good germ pre-plant in the lab. A potential contracted market in the Peace River area is a real possibility if agronomics work out for *Gehl* or other hairless hulless oat types. Yield values for hulless oat varieties are expressed after hull removal, which reduces the seed weight by 20-25% compared to the normal varieties. Keep this ratio in mind while comparing hulless to hulled, however currently (in this 2012 report) there are no "*low pubescence*" hulless oat types displayed. (See earlier reports for more information on both "traditional hulless" types and *Gehl*).

Oat								Yield	as %	of CD	C Dan	cer	
			Dawson C	Creek			F	ort St. Jo	ohn		В.0	C. Peac	e
	•	2012 \	Yield .	2007-	2012	201	12 Y	ield	2007-	2012	2012	2007-	2012
Variety	Colour	bus / acre	% of check	Avg. (%)	Stn. Yrs.	bus acre		% of check	Avg. (%)	Stn. Yrs.	Avg. (%)	Avg. (%)	Stn. Yrs.
AC Mustang	White	114 b	111	115	[6]	105 a	a	101	112	[6]	106	114	[12]
CDC Big Brown	Brown	107 bc	104	99	[3]	97 c	cd	94	105	[3]	99	102	[6]
CDC Dancer	White	103 bc	100	100	[6]	104 b	С	100	100	[6]	100	100	[12]
CDC Minstrel	White	97 bc	94	94	[6]	106 c	t	103	103	[6]	98	98	[12
CDC Nasser	Yellow	98 bc	95	95	[2]	94 a	abc	90	100	[2]	93	98	[4]
CDC Seabiscuit	Yellow	104 bc	101	94	[2]	103 c	cd	100	104	[2]	101	99	[4]
CDC SO-I	Tan/Brown	104 bc	101	96	[3]	107 a	abc	103	107	[3]	102	101	[6]
Lu	Yellow	109 bc	106	100	[6]	102 €	•	98	101	[6]	102	100	[12
OT3054 *∆	White	80 c	78	78	[1]	84 a	abc	81	81	[1]	80	80	[2]
OT3056 *∆	White	100 bc	97	97	[1]	94 c	cd	91	91	[1]	94	94	[2]
Souris *	Yellow	94 bc	91	91	[1]	106 a	3	103	103	[1]	97	97	[2]
Stride	White	93 bc	91	93	[2]	90	0	87	96	[2]	89	95	[4]
Triactor	White	134 a	130	117	[6]	108	0	105	109	[6]	117	113	[12
LSD (P=.0	5) =	18.64				10.76							
CV value (9	%) =	12.71				7.52							

Means followed by the same letter do not significantly differ (P=.05, LSD)

\* first year tested, very limited data available

**CDC Dancer - check variety** 

 $\Delta\,$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

\* **Gehl** is a "low pubescence hulless" oat intended for the whole grain oat market (see comment above chart)



## **Health Benefits Of Oat**

Oats are mainly used for livestock feed especially horses and cows and only a small percentage of oat has been traditionally used for human consumption. However, oat is a great source of fibre which consists of more than half as soluble fibres. Oat is high in protein and mineral contents included calcium, iron, magnesium, zinc, copper, manganese, thiamin, folacin, and vitamin E. Oat is higher in these components than any other whole grain, such as wheat, barley, corn or rice. Rich in Vitamin B1 oat can help maintain carbohydrate metabolism. Many scientific researchers have proven that eating oatmeal, oat bran and whole oat products improves both blood pressure and cholesterol levels and furthermore, it also reduces the risk of heart disease, cancer and diabetes. Thus, oat is a significant contributor to the good health of not only livestock but also to good human health as well.

Oats								Variety Descriptions
	_	BC Peac	e Avera	ges	Al	lbert	a Agdex 1	100/32 info
	<u>-</u>	2007	' - 2012		To	olera	ince to:	
		Maturity		Bushel		D D	w	
		as days	Height	Weight		odging-	Smuts	
Variety	Type	+/- check	cm	lbs/bu		<u> </u>	Su	Distributor
AC Mustang	Feed/forage	4.6	90	43		G	F	Mastin Seeds
■ CDC Big Brown	Milling	5.1	87	43		Ğ	VG	SeCan
■ CDC Dancer	Milling	0.0	83	41		G	VG	FP Genetics
CDC Minstrel	Milling	3.1	76	42	\	/G	VG	FP Genetics
CDC Nasser	Feed	9.2	75	39		G	G	T & L Seeds
■ CDC Seabiscuit	Milling	9.6	90	41		G	G	Canterra Seeds
■ CDC SO-I	Feed	0.3	81	40				T & L Seeds
Lu	Feed	-2.0	81	41		G	VG	SeCan
OT3054 *∆	Milling	11.5	71	38				FP Genetics
OT3056 *∆	Milling	10.5	74	41				U of S
■ Souris *	Milling	4.8	66	40				Seed Depot
■ Stride	Milling	4.9	96	44		G	VG	AAFC-Lacombe
■ Triactor	Milling/Feed	3.5	79	39		G	VG	Canterra Seeds

# CDC Dancer - check variety

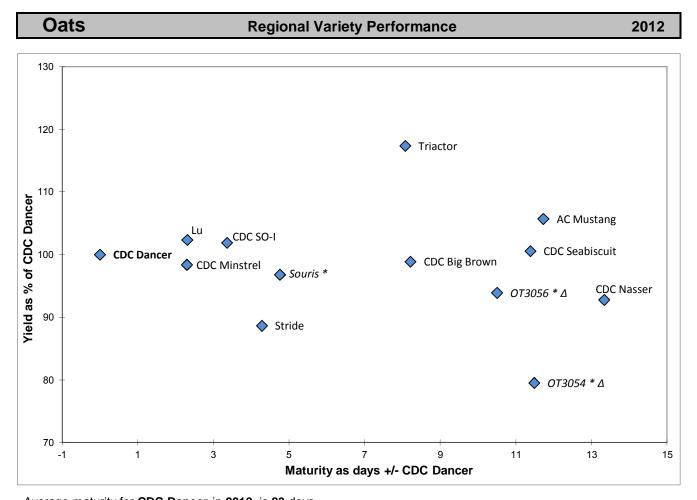
■ Protected by Plant Breeders' Rights

Overall average maturity for CDC Dancer is 94 days

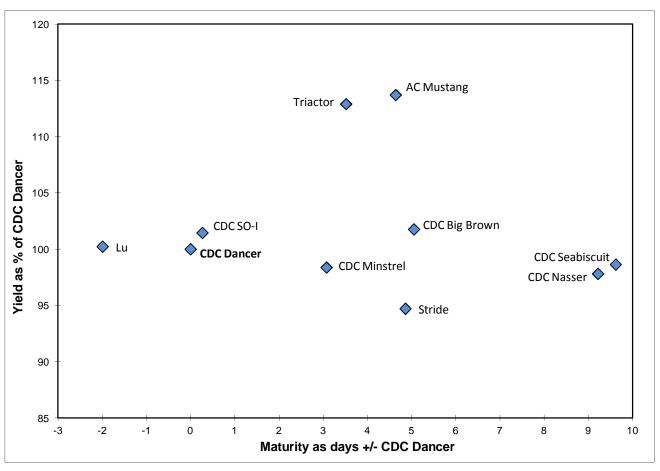
VG = very good, G = good, F = fair, P = poor, VP = very poor XX = insufficient data

first year tested, very limited data available

 $\Delta\,$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available



Average maturity for  $\boldsymbol{CDC}$   $\boldsymbol{Dancer}$  in  $\boldsymbol{2012}$  is  $\boldsymbol{83}$  days



Overall average maturity for CDC Dancer is 94 days

### Oats for Feed

Oats are often sown to provide fodder in the form of silage or greenfeed. Oats will yield more silage or greenfeed per unit area than any other cereal crop. If managed properly, it can provide 3-4.5 tons of dry matter per acre, or more, of high quality feed containing up to 10 percent protein<sup>1</sup>. Many years of comparing yields of oats with barley have shown oats to be superior in the Black and Grey Wooded soil zones<sup>1</sup>. Although the percent protein level in barley is higher than in oats, the total amount of protein produced on a given area is higher with oats than with barley<sup>1</sup>. Oats have about 22-26 percent hull whereas barley averages about 12-14 per cent hull on a weight basis<sup>1</sup>. When choosing a variety, the seed yield as well as the forage yield should be considered, thereby keeping one's options open to harvest as forage or grain<sup>1</sup>. We do not currently evaluate oat varieties for forage yield in these tests.

#### **Forage Oats**

It is believed by some farmers that one variety might be better than another because it appears "leafier"; however, tests on a number of varieties have shown very little variation in leafiness<sup>2</sup>. Having said that however, such work has not likely included the newer lines of forage oats that are entering the market place now. These new "forage only" lines, such as *CDC Baler* and *Murphy*, have usually been much larger plants in our tests than their traditional counterparts developed for seed quality, which should translate to more biomass to be available for forage production. Note however, that traditionally our oat tests do not lodge and so it is unclear as to whether larger plants are going to be a concern for early lodging in a large-scale forage production practice in our area. Lodging data here is from Alberta Agdex 100/32.

### **Other Comments**

On heavier soils and in the more moist areas, lodging resistance should be considered, but again, traditionally lodging has not been a concern in our BC Peace oat trials, and as mentioned above, lodging data provided here is from Alberta Agdex 100/32. The variation in straw feed quality between oat varieties is insignificant and should not be used as a variety selection criterion<sup>3</sup>. The average feed values are: protein 4%, fibre 49%, calcium 0.27%, and phosphorus 0.08%<sup>3</sup>.

Source<sup>1,2,3</sup>: Alberta Agriculture, Food, and Rural Development website www.agric.gov.ab.ca

### **SPRING TRITICALE**

Triticale is a genetic cross (not a hybrid) developed by crossing wheat (*Triticum turgidum* or *Triticum aestivum*) with rye (*Secale cereal*). Most varieties of spring triticale currently available are approximately 10 days or more later maturing than CWRS wheat, and as such they should not be grown in the B.C. Peace River region for grain production. However, a few varieties are proving to be earlier than traditional spring triticale varieties, and perhaps as breeding continues earlier lines may come along that can be grown here for grain with a consistant and early enough maturity. Their high grain yields are "attention grabbers", and so it is worth watching their development, especially as triticale seems to hold a lot of potential for ethanol production in the Peace River region if breeding efforts could produce earlier maturing lines. Drought tolerance is the primary advantage that spring triticales have over other spring cereal crops. Spring triticales are also a valuable alternative or compliment to barley & oat as forage feed, but current triticale lines do tend to have low resistance to Ergot, likely due to late maturity. This may become less of a concern as earlier lines are bred. It is for these reasons, especially its potential use as a high volume ethanol feedstock, that data is included in this report.

Spring 1	<b>Friticale</b>										Yield a	s % of A	C Ultima	3
	Dawson Creek							Fort St. J	B.C. Peace					
		2012 Yield		2007-2012		2012 Yield			2007-2012		2012	2007-2012		
Variety		bus / acre		% of check	Avg. (%)	Stn. Yrs.	bus / acre		% of check	Avg. (%)	Stn. Yrs.	Avg. (%)	Avg. (%)	Stn. Yrs.
AC Ultima		75	b	100	100	[6]	86	b	100	100	[6]	100	100	[12]
Brevis		86	а	115	109	[2]	92	а	107	106	[2]	111	108	[4]
Bumper		76	b	102	106	[4]	85	bc	98	104	[4]	100	105	[8]
Sunray		79	ab	106	103	[3]	93	а	107	109	[3]	106	106	[6]
Taza		79	ab	107	105	[3]	83	bc	96	101	[3]	101	103	[6]
Tyndal		75	b	100	105	[6]	82	С	94	106	[6]	97	105	[12]
	LSD (P=.05) =	7.2	1				3.54	-						
	CV value (%) =	6.12	2				2.71							

Means followed by the same letter do not significantly differ (P=.05, LSD)

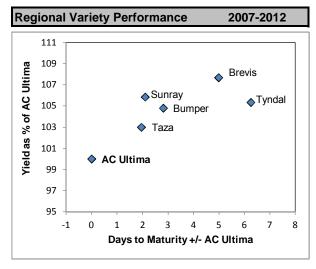
\* first year tested, very limited data available

 $\boldsymbol{\Delta}$  denotes materials not registered, very limited data available

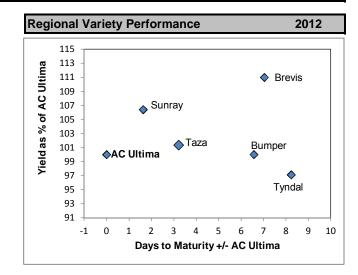
AC Ultima - check variety

■ Protected by Plant Breeders' Rights

	Spring Triticale							Variety Descriptions						
					Alberta Agdex 100/32									
BC Peace Averages 2007-2012						F	Resist	ance to						
	Maturity as days +/- check	Height (cm)	Bushel Weight (lbs/bus)	TKW (g / 1000)	Lodging	Shatter	Sprouting	Loose Smut	Common Bunt	FHB	Distributor			
AC Ultima	0.0	88	58	44	G	G	F	VG	VG	F	FP Genetics			
Brevis	5.0	96	61	44							Wagon Wheel Seed Corp.			
■ Bumper	2.8	81	60	44	VG	G	F	XX	VG	Ρ	SeCan			
Sunray	2.1	90	58	43	VG	G	F	VG	VG	Р	SeedNet			
■ Taza ´	2.0	98	58	45	G	G	F	XX	VG	VP	Solick Seeds			
■ Tyndal	6.3	90	58	43	G	G	Ρ	VG	VG	Ρ	SeCan			



Overall Average maturity for AC Ultimais 106 days



Average maturity for AC Ultima is 94 days for 2012